Free Huawei H31-341 Study Guides Exam Questions & Answer [Q59-Q73
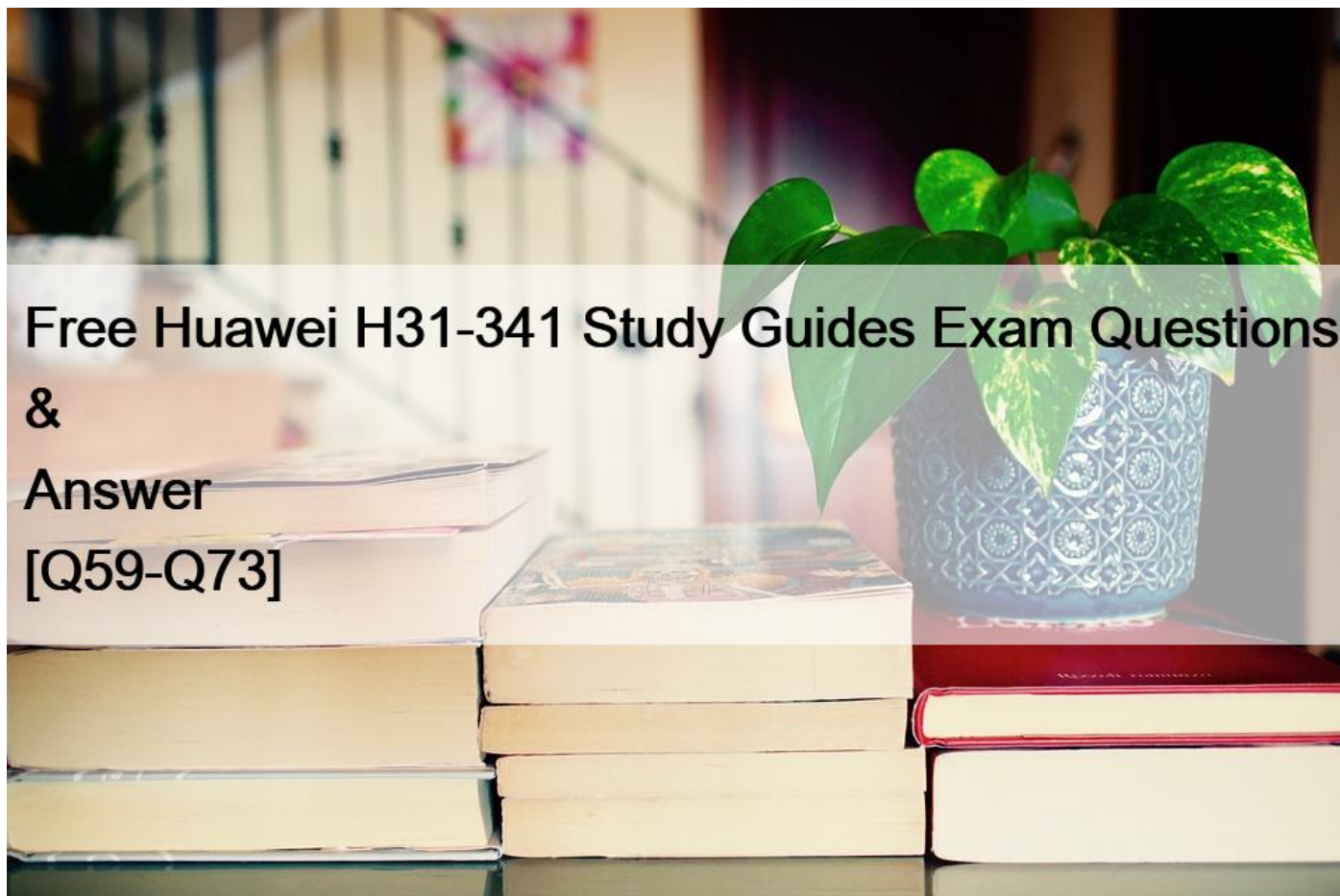

Free Huawei H31-341 Study Guides Exam Questions and Answer
H31-341 Exam Dumps, H31-341 Practice Test Questions

Get to know about the Objective of Huawei H31-341 Certification

The Huawei H31-341 certification offers you an opportunity to validate your skills. This certification is essentially designed to assess your skills related to the Huawei HiLTE. The more you study technology-related subjects, the more value you will add to your resume. In case you are studying for a real Huawei H31-341 exam, it is essential that you take up practice questions. **H31-341 Dumps** can help you prepare for the exam in the most effective manner. Regular basis updates are given to our customers so that you can be updated with the new questions and answers. Huawei H31-341 exam is one of the most essential elements for acquiring any type of IT certification. It helps you to validate your skills. It will help you to take up a good career in IT. You will be required to take up comprehensive knowledge related to the Huawei HiLTE and understand its features and designs.

If you successfully clear this exam, it will help you to get a good career in IT. Today, this certification is being accepted by many top companies. The Huawei H31-341 certificate will also help you to get an interview with these companies. Once you work with them, you will face a good future.

QUESTION 59

What are the prerequisites for creating a bidirectional MPLS tunnel? (Multiple Choice)

* Users have network administrator user rights of “Administrators” and above
* The LSR ID of each NE is correctly configured.
* Determine the bandwidth of the MPLS Tunnel
* Port properties have been configured correctly

QUESTION 60

Which of the following description of the extended ECC is correct? (Multiple Choice)

* Extended ECC recommends to use manual basis, which reduces mutual negotiation between network elements.
* The scale of the extended ECC network (the sum of the server and the client) must not exceed 8.
* Extended ECC is divided into automatic extended ECC and manual extended ECC. One network element can only support one mode at the same time. These two methods cannot be directly docked.
* In the automatic extended ECC mode, you need to connect the Ethernet ports of the two NEs with a direct-connected network cable (or a standard network cable through B), extend the ECC, and specify the server and client.

QUESTION 61

When using the OSN8800 T32, if you want to set the ID number of the master and slave sub-racks, which board should be set?

* EFI
* EFI1
* EFI2
* SCC

QUESTION 62

The reasons for the discrete business are? (Multiple choice)

* The network element side configuration data is not uploaded to the U2000.
* The cross-connection configuration on the network element is wrong.
* The logical fiber connection of the network element is inconsistent with the physical fiber connection.
* There is an outbound subnet service whose source or sink port is not within the scope of network management.

QUESTION 63

The overhead ratio is a factor that affects the error correction capability of the FEC technology. Generally, when the same FEC encoding/decoding algorithm is used, the higher the overhead ratio is, the larger the net coding gain is.

* False
* True

QUESTION 64

The OTS path refers to the physical fiber connection between two adjacent OM/OD/OA on the main optical path.

* TRUE
* FALSE

QUESTION 65

In the scenario where the non-convergence OTU processes OTN standard signals, both A and B are WDM sites. After receiving the OTUk_TIM alarm on the client side, the OTU board at station A sends the OTUk_BDI alarm to the upstream. When the TIM follow-up action is disabled, the alarm is no longer transmitted to the downstream. When the TIM follow-up action is enabled, an SF

event is generated. The WDM side of the OTU board at station B reports the ODUk_PM_AIS alarm, and the ODUk_PM_AIS alarm is transmitted downstream. The client equipment reports this alarm. After the WDM side of the OTU board at station B receives the OTUk_TIM alarm and the TIM follow-up action is disabled, the alarm is no longer transmitted to the downstream. When the TIM follow-up action is enabled, an SF event is generated. After the client side of station B processes the SF event, the client equipment reports the ODUk_PM_AIS alarm.

* False
* True

QUESTION 66

In the ROADM, which of the following layer of OTN paths do not need to be manually configured, it can be obtained directly by path search? (Multiple Choice)

* OTS
* OSC
* OMS
* OCh

QUESTION 67

In the WDM networking design, as long as there are enough EDFA cascades to compensate for the loss of optical power during transmission. Then the system can transmit a long distance without restriction.

* TRUE
* FALSE

QUESTION 68

Which of the following statements are wrong about TE links? (Multiple Choice)

* The intelligent network element sends its own bandwidth and other information to other intelligent peers in the network through the LSA in the form of a trace. Provide teaching support for routing and planning.
* The verification of the TE link occurs before the control channel is established between adjacent nodes.
* The TE link path is a resource concept. It can be understood as an optical fiber with bandwidth information and protection attributes, but it does not correspond to the optical fiber. One fiber may correspond to multiple TE links.
* The TE link is flooded to the entire network by the LMP protocol. Each intelligent network element saves the TE link information of the entire network.

QUESTION 69

For the whole network error test in the commissioning test, which of the following statement is correct? (Multiple choice)

* To ensure the smooth passage of all channel services across the entire network, a 10-minute error prediction is required for each single channel.
* The duration of the full channel error test is 20 hours. If the error occurs within 20 hours, it needs to be retested for 20 hours after troubleshooting.
* When the single channel error test is performed, the remote end needs to perform hardware loopback on the tributary board client side.
* The number of OTU boards or tributary boards connected in series for the whole channel error test is recommended to be no more than 13

QUESTION 70

Dispersion compensation is not required for 40 Gbit/s and 100 Gbit/s coherent systems because the dispersion tolerance of coherent

boards is large. NG WDM products do not support hybrid transmission of non-coherent and coherent networks.

* True
* False

QUESTION 71

The OCh path is created using the single station method. After the creation is completed, the 0ch path is not searched. Which are the possible reasons? (Multiple choice)

* Line attenuation is too large
* Missing logical fiber between sites
* Inconsistent wavelengths of the line boards at both ends of the source and sink
* errors in source and sink ports in the site

QUESTION 72

The NG WDM two-dimensional ROADM site can use the WSMD9 single board, and its signal flow is an optical signal that is connected to the main optical channel from the “IN” optical port. The RDU (ROADM Demix Unit) optical module broadcasts nine identical optical signals, which are output from the “DM1~DM8” and “ECPO” optical ports respectively. One of the signals is localized by the splitter board, and the other eight signals are dispatched to the other eight directions. Each wave of the main optical channel is connected from the “EXPI” optical port. The multiplexed or single-wave optical signal that needs to be inserted locally is input through the “AM1″~”AM8” optical port.

* TRUE
* FALSE

QUESTION 73

For emergency handling of business interruptions, fault location should be performed as soon as possible, and then the business should be resumed.

* TRUE
* FALSE

Latest H31-341 Actual Free Exam Questions Updated 215 Questions:
https://www.validbraindumps.com/H31-341-exam-prep.html]