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Get Latest [Jul-2024 Conduct effective penetration tests using ValidBraindumps C-SACS-2321 **Penetration testers simulate C-SACS-2321 exam PDF**

SAP C-SACS-2321 Exam Syllabus Topics:

TopicDetailsTopic 1- Explain best practices such as improving performance- Manipulating data in storiesTopic 2- Describe formatting and styling chart scaling, thresholds- Story principles and presentationTopic 3- Configuring story elements- Design standards; use Digital Boardroom, mobile app; layout typesTopic 4- Describe filtering, blending data- link types, sorting, ranking- Describe Optimized Design Experience vs. Classic Design Experience

NEW QUESTION 29

When you are adding a calculation to a table (see graphic below) and choose Single, to which of the following is the new column added?

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- * Selected dimension member
- * Every dimension member
- * @Data model
- * Story repository

When you are adding a calculation to a table, you can choose from two options: Single or Multiple. The option determines how many new columns are added to the table based on the calculation. The options are:

Single: Adds one new column to the table with the calculation result for the selected dimension member. For example, if you select Soft Drinks and choose Single, you will get one new column with the calculation result for Soft Drinks only.

Multiple: Adds multiple new columns to the table with the calculation result for each dimension member. For example, if you select Soft Drinks and choose Multiple, you will get three new columns with the calculation result for Soft Drinks, Juice, and Alcohol.

Therefore, the correct answer is Selected dimension member, as it is the option that the new column is added to when you choose Single. Verified Reference:

: Create Calculations in Tables

NEW QUESTION 30

What can you do in the SAP Analytics Cloud mobile app? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- * Collaborate with colleagues
- * Create a story
- * Create a dataset
- * Share Links

The SAP Analytics Cloud mobile app allows users to view and interact with stories, collaborate with colleagues using comments and notifications, and share links to stories via email or other apps. Users cannot create stories, datasets, or models using the mobile app. Verified [SAP Analytics Cloud – Mobile App]

NEW QUESTION 31

How can you improve performance in stories? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- * Use unbooked data in charts.
- * Use JPG images.
- * Use Exception Aggregations.
- * Minimize the number of linked models.

To improve performance in stories, users should use JPG images instead of PNG images, as JPG images have smaller file sizes and load faster. Users should also minimize the number of linked models in a story, as each linked model adds complexity and increases the loading time. Using unbooked data or exception aggregations does not affect performance in stories. Verified [SAP Analytics Cloud – Performance Optimization]

NEW QUESTION 32

Which story page types are imported into the SAP Digital Boardroom builder?

- * Canvas and grid
- * Responsive and canvas
- * Responsive and grid

The story page types that are imported into the SAP Digital Boardroom builder are responsive and canvas. Responsive pages are designed to adapt to different screen sizes and orientations, making them suitable for different devices and scenarios in the digital boardroom. Canvas pages are designed for desktop browsers and fixed layouts, making them suitable for large screens and presentations in the digital boardroom. Grid pages are not imported into the digital boardroom builder; they are designed for tabular data analysis and printing. Verified [SAP Analytics Cloud – Digital Boardroom]

NEW QUESTION 33

How does the SAP Digital Boardroom support engaging with a remote audience? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- * Through annotations
- * Through screen sharing
- * Through Data Analyzer
- * Through story editing

The SAP Digital Boardroom supports engaging with a remote audience through annotations and screen sharing. Annotations allow users to highlight or draw on the screen using different colors and shapes, which can help to emphasize key points or explain complex concepts. Screen sharing allows users to share their screen with other participants who join the digital boardroom session via a web browser, which can help to facilitate collaboration and communication. Data Analyzer and story editing are not features that support engaging with a remote audience; they are features that allow users to analyze data or modify stories in the digital boardroom. Verified

[SAP Analytics Cloud – Digital Boardroom]

NEW QUESTION 34

Which of the following are necessary for Linked Analysis?

- * Multiple widgets
- * Multiple stories
- * Multiple data models
- * Multiple pages

Linked Analysis is a feature that allows you to link multiple widgets in a story based on the same model. You can use Linked Analysis to do the following:

Filter data in multiple widgets by selecting a data point in one widget. For example, if you select Soft Drinks in a chart, all the other linked widgets will show data for Soft Drinks only.

Drill down or up in multiple widgets by changing the level of detail in one widget. For example, if you drill down from Product Category to Product Name in a table, all the other linked widgets will show data for Product Name as well.

Highlight data in multiple widgets by hovering over a data point in one widget. For example, if you hover over Germany in a geo map, all the other linked widgets will highlight the data for Germany.

To use Linked Analysis, you need to have the following:

Multiple widgets based on the same model. You can link any type of widget, such as charts, tables, geo maps, etc., as long as they are based on the same model.

A common dimension or measure between the widgets. You can link widgets based on any dimension or measure that they share in common.

You do not need to have the following for Linked Analysis:

Multiple stories. You can use Linked Analysis within the same story. You cannot link widgets across different stories.

Multiple data models. You can use Linked Analysis with one model only. You cannot link widgets based on different models.

Multiple pages. You can use Linked Analysis within the same page. You cannot link widgets across different pages.

Therefore, the correct answer is Multiple widgets, as it is the necessary element for Linked Analysis. Verified Reference:

: Link Widgets with Linked Analysis

NEW QUESTION 35

What can be done with story filters?

- * They can be implemented without a model in a template.
- * They can be applied to all widgets based on the same model.
- * They can be used to change dimensions in a widget.

Story filters are a feature that allows you to filter the data in a story based on one or more dimensions or measures. You can use story filters to do the following:

They can be applied to all widgets based on the same model. You can choose which widgets are affected by the story filter and which are not.

They can be used to create dynamic titles or text based on the filter values. You can insert filter tokens into titles or text elements to show the current filter values.

They can be used to create input controls that allow users to change the filter values interactively. You can add input controls such as drop-down lists, sliders, checkboxes, etc., to let users select their own filter values.

Story filters cannot do the following:

They cannot be implemented without a model in a template. You need to have a model as a data source for your story before you can apply story filters.

They cannot be used to change dimensions in a widget. You cannot use story filters to swap dimensions in a widget. You have to use the chart builder or the table builder to change dimensions in a widget.

Therefore, the correct answer is They can be applied to all widgets based on the same model, as it is what can be done with story filters. Verified Reference:

: Filter Data in Stories

NEW QUESTION 36

You are using a model that includes a prompt. When is the prompt presented at runtime?

- * Before data can be displayed
- * Before predefined widgets are rendered
- * After all widgets are rendered
- * After navigating to the widget based on the model

When a model includes a prompt, the prompt is presented at runtime before data can be displayed in the story. The prompt allows users to select the values they want to filter the data by. The prompt is not related to the predefined widgets, the rendering of widgets, or the navigation to widgets. Verified [SAP Analytics Cloud – Prompting]

NEW QUESTION 37

Where can you define thresholds? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- * Input control
- * Model
- * Story
- * Page

You can define thresholds in the model or in the story. Thresholds are rules that apply conditional formatting to measures based on certain criteria, such as values, ranges, or percentages. You can define thresholds in the model to apply them to all stories that use the model, or you can define thresholds in the story to apply them to a specific widget or page. You cannot define thresholds in the input control or in the page; these are different types of elements that can be used in a story. Verified [SAP Analytics Cloud – Thresholds]

NEW QUESTION 38

Which dataset types does SAP Analytics Cloud support? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- * Import
- * Public
- * Live
- * Embedded

The correct answers are B. Public and D. Embedded. These are two of the dataset types that SAP Analytics Cloud supports, according to the SAP Help Portal1. A public dataset is a standalone dataset that is stored in SAP Analytics Cloud and can be found in a folder location on the Files page1. An embedded dataset is a dataset that is saved within a story and does not appear in the Files list1. You can convert an embedded dataset to a public one if you want others to be able to use it1.

The other options,

A) Import and C) Live, are not dataset types, but data source types. You can import data from a file or other data source to create a dataset or a model2. You can also use live data from a source system to create a model, but not a dataset2.

1: About Datasets and Dataset Types | SAP Help Portal 3 2: Choose Between Datasets and Models | SAP Help Portal

NEW QUESTION 39

Which Filter options are supported in the Optimized Design Experience? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- * Input Control
- * Advanced
- * Cascading
- * Section
- * Controls

The Optimized Design Experience is a new design option for creating stories in SAP Analytics Cloud. It offers several usability improvements and performance enhancements compared to the Classic Design Experience. However, it also has some limitations and differences, such as the unavailability of some elements that are present in the Classic Design Experience1.

The following filter options are supported in the Optimized Design Experience:

Input Control: This option allows you to add interactive filters to a story page that allow the story viewers to filter data, compare figures, and explore relationships directly from the page. You can use the Input Controls tool in the Tools section to select dimensions or measures that you want to use as input controls2.

Cascading: This option allows you to create a hierarchy of input controls that depend on each other. You can use this option to filter data based on multiple levels of a dimension, such as Country, Region, and City. You can also use this option to filter data based on different dimensions that are related, such as Product Category and Product Name3.

Section: This option is not a filter option, but a way of organizing a story into different parts based on a dimension. A section creates a separate page for each member of the dimension, and displays the same widgets on each page with the data filtered by the section dimension. Sections are available in both the Optimized and Classic Design Experiences4.

The other options are not supported in the Optimized Design Experience, because:

Advanced: This option allows you to create complex filters using logical operators, such as AND, OR, and NOT. You can use this option to filter data based on multiple conditions or expressions, such as Revenue > 1000 AND Profit Margin < 10%. Advanced filters are available only in the Classic Design Experience.

Controls: This option is not a valid filter option in SAP Analytics Cloud. It may refer to input controls, which are supported, or chart controls, which are not supported. Chart controls are buttons that allow you to change the chart type, switch between absolute and relative values, or drill up and down in a hierarchy. Chart controls are available only in the Classic Design Experience.

1: Choosing Between Optimized and Classic Design Modes – SAP Learning 2: Using Input Controls

– SAP Learning 3: Creating Cascading Input Controls – SAP Learning 4: Creating Sections – SAP Learning : [Advanced Filters – SAP Learning] : [Chart Controls – SAP Learning]

NEW QUESTION 40

In a table you display a time hierarchy with the years 2024, 2025, and 2026. Months, quarters, and half years are also displayed for each year. You want to apply the formatting of the year

2024 to the years 2025 and 2026. In styling rules, which level option do you select?

- * Self and Children
- * Self
- * Self and Descendants
- * Self and Siblings

To apply the formatting of the year 2024 to the years 2025 and 2026, you need to use the level option Self and Descendants in the styling rules. This option applies the formatting to the selected member and all its lower-level members in the hierarchy1. In this case, the selected member is the year 2024, and its lower-level members are the months, quarters, and half years that belong to 2024. The formatting will also be applied to the years 2025 and 2026, and their lower-level members, because they are at the same level as 2024 in the hierarchy.

The other level options are:

Self: This option applies the formatting only to the selected member, not to any other members in the hierarchy1. In this case, the selected member is the year 2024, and the formatting will not be applied to any other years or lower-level members.

Self and Siblings: This option applies the formatting to the selected member and all its siblings, which are members at the same level in the hierarchy1. In this case, the selected member is the year 2024, and its siblings are the years 2025 and 2026. The formatting will be applied to these three years, but not to their lower-level members.

Self and Children: This option applies the formatting to the selected member and its immediate children, which are members one level below in the hierarchy1. In this case, the selected member is the year 2024, and its immediate children are the quarters and half years that belong to 2024. The formatting will be applied to these members, but not to any other years or months.

1: Styling Rules for Tables

NEW QUESTION 41

What story option can help you create a story as a launchpad to other stories?

- * Input control
- * Hyperlink
- * Linked Analysis
- * RSS Feed

The story option that can help you create a story as a launchpad to other stories is hyperlink. A hyperlink is a link that allows users to navigate from one location to another by clicking on it.

You can use hyperlinks to link widgets, text, or images in a story to other stories in SAP Analytics Cloud, creating a launchpad effect. Input control, linked analysis, and RSS feed are not story options that can help you create a story as a launchpad to other stories; they are options that can help you filter data, link widgets, or display news feeds in a story. Verified [SAP Analytics Cloud – Hyperlinks]

NEW QUESTION 42

What are benefits of using the Optimized Design Experience? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- * Improved tooltip interactions
- * Support for older versions of SAP HANA and SAP BW
- * Ghost loading indicators
- * Navigation of small hierarchies

The Optimized Design Experience is a new user interface for SAP Analytics Cloud that simplifies and enhances the story design process. The Optimized Design Experience offers some benefits over the Classic Design Experience, such as:

Improved tooltip interactions: You can hover over any data point in a chart to see a tooltip with more information. You can also click on the tooltip to access more actions, such as filtering, drilling, commenting, etc.

Ghost loading indicators: You can see a ghost image of the elements on a page while they are loading. This gives you a preview of the layout and size of the elements before they are fully rendered.

Data Analyzer: You can use Data Analyzer to quickly create ad hoc analysis based on models or datasets. You can also save your analysis as stories or pin them to your home page.

Point of Interest: You can use Point of Interest to highlight a specific data point or area in a chart. You can also add annotations, comments, or links to the Point of Interest.

Time Series chart: You can use Time Series chart to create interactive and animated charts that show how data changes over time. You can also customize the appearance and behavior of the Time Series chart.

Therefore, the correct answer is Improved tooltip interactions and Ghost loading indicators, as they are the benefits of using the Optimized Design Experience. Verified Reference:

: Optimized Design Experience Overview

NEW QUESTION 43

What does the model setting Optimize Story Building Performance do in a story?

- * It disables the Classic Design Experience,
- * It prevents the automatic refresh of data during story design.
- * It forces the story to be designed in the Optimized Design Experience.
- * It automatically turns on parallel processing of SAP BW queries.

The model setting Optimize Story Building Performance prevents the automatic refresh of data during story design. This means that users can design stories without waiting for the data to load every time they make a change. Users can manually refresh the data when they want to see the updated results. The model setting does not affect the design experience, the parallel processing, or the story editing. Verified [SAP Analytics Cloud – Optimize Story Building Performance]

NEW QUESTION 44

In a story, to which of the following is chart scaling applied? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- * Specific page
- * All measures
- * All pages
- * Specific measure

Chart scaling is a feature that ensures that you have a meaningful display of values across multiple charts in a story. By default, charts are not scaled, which can lead to incorrect data analysis, particularly if users are not paying attention to the actual values displayed in the chart1.

Chart scaling is applied to the following:

Specific page: Chart scaling is applied to all of the charts on a page, but the scaling may be different for the same measure on different pages, because the scaling factor is calculated separately for each page1.

Specific measure: Chart scaling is applied to a specific measure in a chart, and it affects all the charts that contain that measure on the same page. You can exclude charts from the scaling by selecting the chart and choosing Exclude from Scaling in the context menul.

Chart scaling is not applied to the following:

All measures: Chart scaling is not applied to all the measures in a story, only to the ones that are selected for scaling. You can select which measures to scale by choosing Scale Measures in the context menu of any chart on a page 1.

All pages: Chart scaling is not applied to all the pages in a story, only to the ones that have scaling enabled. You can enable or disable scaling for a page by choosing Enable Scaling or Disable Scaling in the context menu of any chart on a page 1.

1: Chart Scaling – SAP Learning

NEW QUESTION 45

What are data sources for stories? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- * Dataset
- * Insight
- * Model
- * File
- * Data Action

A data source is an object that contains data that you can use to create stories or other objects in SAP Analytics Cloud. There are four types of data sources in SAP Analytics Cloud:

Model: A model is a structured representation of your data that defines how the data is organized and calculated. You can create models by importing data from various sources or connecting to live data systems.

Dataset: A dataset is a type of data source that allows you to import data from files

NEW QUESTION 46

Which link types can you use to blend data in a story? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- * Intersecting data only
- * Inner data
- * Outer data
- * All primary data
- * All data

The correct answers are

A) Intersecting data only, D) All primary data, and E) All data. These are the three link types that you can use to blend data in a story, according to the SAP Learning course on Blending Data in Models1. The link type determines how the dimension data from the primary and secondary models are displayed in the blended chart or table

NEW QUESTION 47

When break grouping is enabled, to which dimension is sort applied?

- * The outer dimension
- * The inner dimension
- * The vertical dimension
- * The horizontal dimension

When break grouping is enabled, the sort is applied to the inner dimension of the chart or table, according to the SAP Analytics Cloud Help1. Break grouping is a feature that allows you to sort data points in a chart or table by breaking the grouping of the dimensions in the category axis2. For example, if you have a chart with two dimensions in the category axis, such as Country and Product, and you enable break grouping, you can sort the data points by Product instead of Country2. This can help you compare the performance of different products across countries. You can also choose to sort by measure values or custom order2.

The other options are not correct. Option A. The outer dimension is the dimension that is not affected by the break grouping feature. Option C. The vertical dimension and option D. The horizontal dimension are not relevant terms for break grouping, as it depends on how you arrange the dimensions in the category axis.

1: Apply Smart Grouping to Charts in Analytic Applications | SAP Help Portal 2: Sort Data Points in Charts and Tables | SAP Help Portal

NEW QUESTION 48

To which of the following can you add a section?

- * Digital Boardroom
- * Table
- * Canvas page
- * Chart

You can add a section to a canvas page in a story. A section is a container that holds one or more widgets and can be used to group related content or apply filters. A digital boardroom, a table, and a chart are not valid targets for adding a section; they are either different types of presentations or widgets that can be added to a section. Verified [SAP Analytics Cloud – Sections]

NEW QUESTION 49

Using the SAP Analytics Cloud mobile app, what page type is required for viewing stories?

- * Responsive
- * Canvas
- * Grid

Using the SAP Analytics Cloud mobile app, the page type that is required for viewing stories is responsive. Responsive pages are designed to adapt to different screen sizes and orientations, making them suitable for mobile devices. Canvas and grid pages are not supported by the mobile app; they are designed for desktop browsers and fixed layouts. Verified [SAP Analytics Cloud – Mobile App]

NEW QUESTION 50

What term refers to dimension members with no numeric data values associated with them?

- * Booked
- * Transformed
- * Unbooked
- * Exception aggregation

Unbooked is the term that refers to dimension members with no numeric data values associated with them. For example, if a dimension has members A, B, C, and D, and only A and B have numeric values in a measure column, then C and D are unbooked members. Booked, transformed, and exception aggregation are not terms that describe dimension members.

Verified [SAP Analytics Cloud – Unbooked Data]

NEW QUESTION 51

Which story data source does NOT require a model be created in SAP Analytics Cloud?

- * SAP Business Warehouse
- * SAP Datasphere
- * SAP S/4HANA
- * SAP BusinessObjects Web Intelligence document

SAP Datasphere is a data source that does not require a model to be created in SAP Analytics Cloud. You can use a SAP Datasphere connection to access or import data directly into your story, with no need for a SAP Analytics Cloud model to be created SAP Business Warehouse, SAP S/4HANA, and SAP BusinessObjects Web Intelligence document are data sources that require a model to be created in SAP Analytics Cloud. You cannot access or import data from these sources directly into your story, but you need to create a model in SAP Analytics Cloud using the connections to these sources 234

NEW QUESTION 52

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When you save a story as a template, what happens?

- * Custom widgets are removed.
- * Custom formatting is retained.
- * Standard widgets remain intact.
- * All data is removed.

When you save a story as a template, you can use it as a starting point for creating new stories with the same layout and formatting. However, all the data from the original story is removed and replaced by placeholders for charts, tables, maps, input controls, and value driver trees. This way, you can easily add new data sources and models to the template without affecting the existing ones1. Custom formatting, such as story background, chart color palettes, fonts, and borders, is retained in the template2. Custom widgets, such as images, shapes, texts, and buttons, are also preserved in the template3. Standard widgets, such as charts, tables, maps, input controls, and value driver trees, are converted into empty placeholders that can be filled with new data3.

